





SciLifeLab

Functional and molecular precision medicine in FLT3-mutated AML

Disclosures and affiliations

- Olli Kallioniemi:
 - Board member Sartar Therapeutics
 - Advisory board: Novo Nordisk Foundation, Data Science Committee
 - Grant support and advisory role: Knut and Alice Wallenberg Foundation
- Sören Lehmann:
 - Board member/advisory board: Abbvie, Pfizer, Rarity, Servier
- Other authors have no disclosures





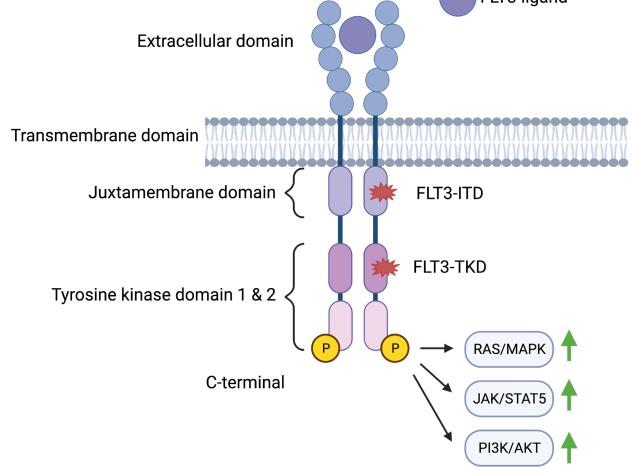




FLT3-mutated acute myeloid leukemia (AML)

FLT3 ligand

- FMS-like tyrosine kinase 3 (FLT3)
- Mutated in ~30% of AML patients
- Poor prognosis, more likely to relapse
- Midostaurin
- ~40% of FLT3⁺ patients do not respond (Stone et al., 2017)



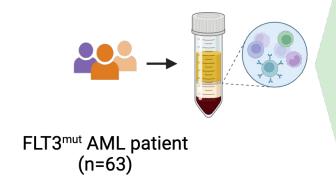
Proliferation/survival

Apoptosis inhibition

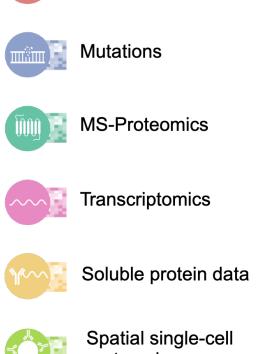


Study overview - Enabling precision cancer medicine

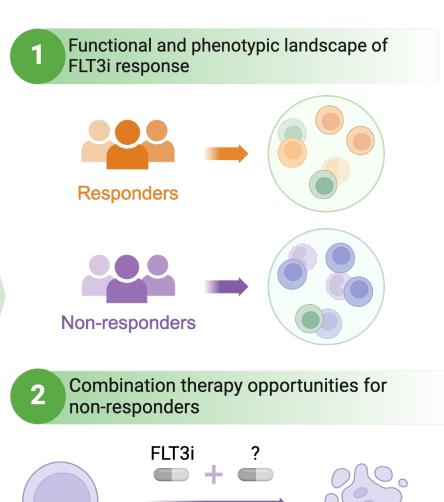
discoveries in FLT3 mutants







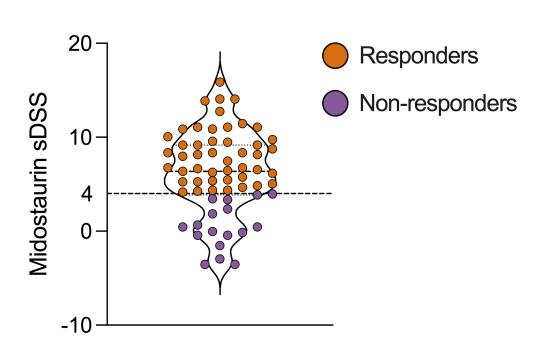


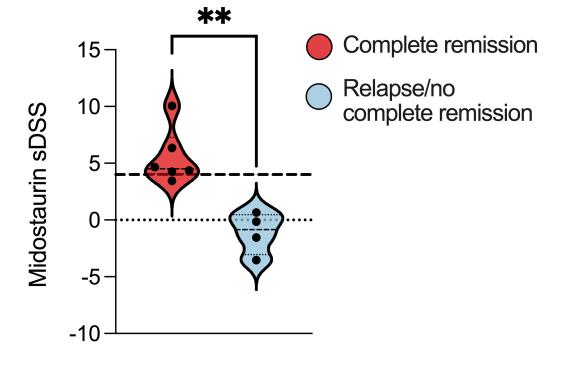




Clinal outcome of midostaurin treatment is in line with ex vivo drug resistance







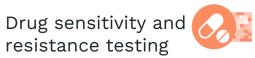
- 63 AML patients with FLT3^{mut}
- ex vivo selective drug sensitivity score <4 considered resistant

 Patients receiving midostaurin (n=10) more likely to relapse if lower sDSS

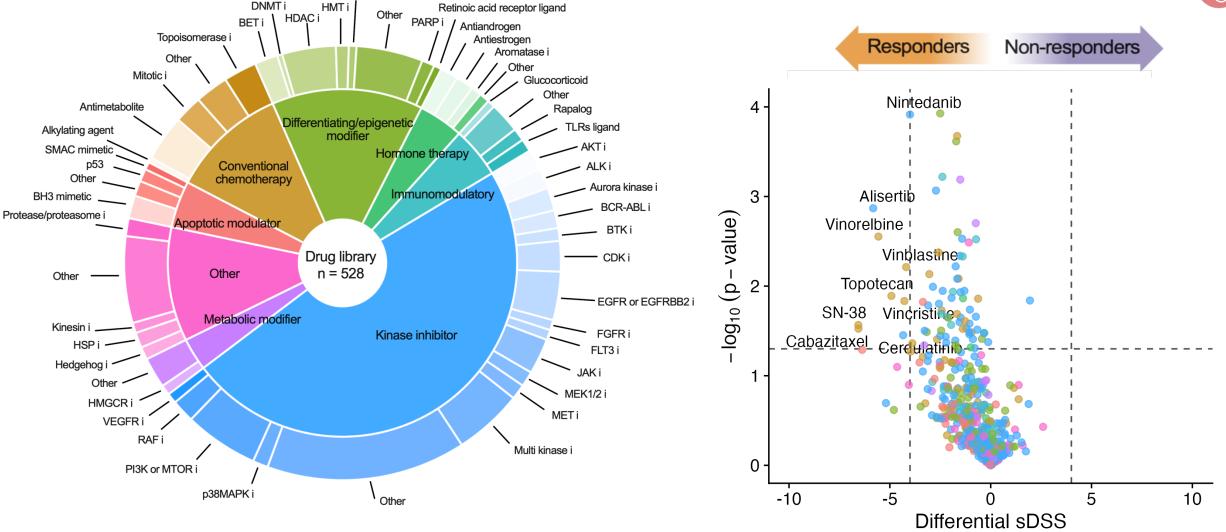


Non-responders associate with overall drug resistance

IDH1/IDH2 i





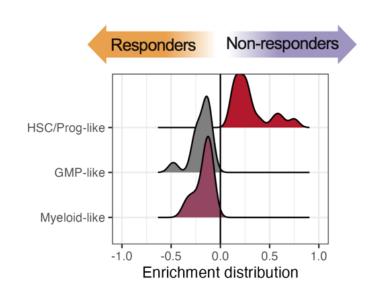


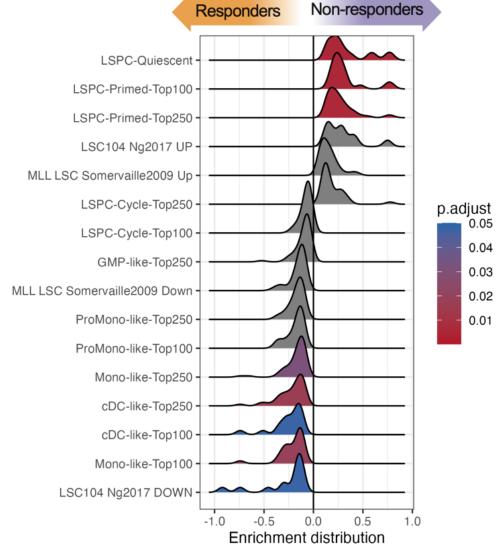


immature phenotypes Responders MS-proteomics

Non-responders enriched for HSC and LSPC phenotypes

Responders myeloid/monocytic

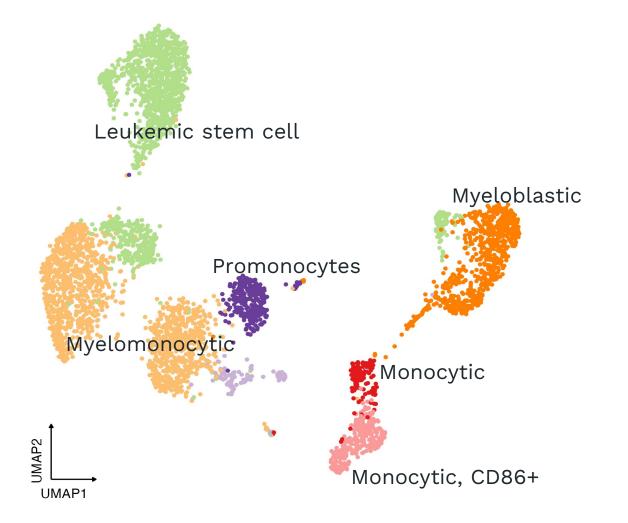


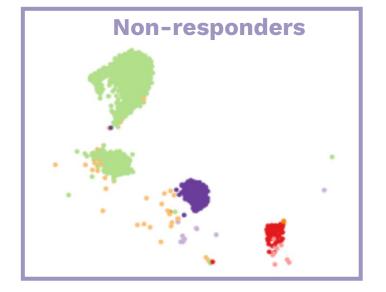




Midostaurin non-responders are enriched for

immature phenotypes





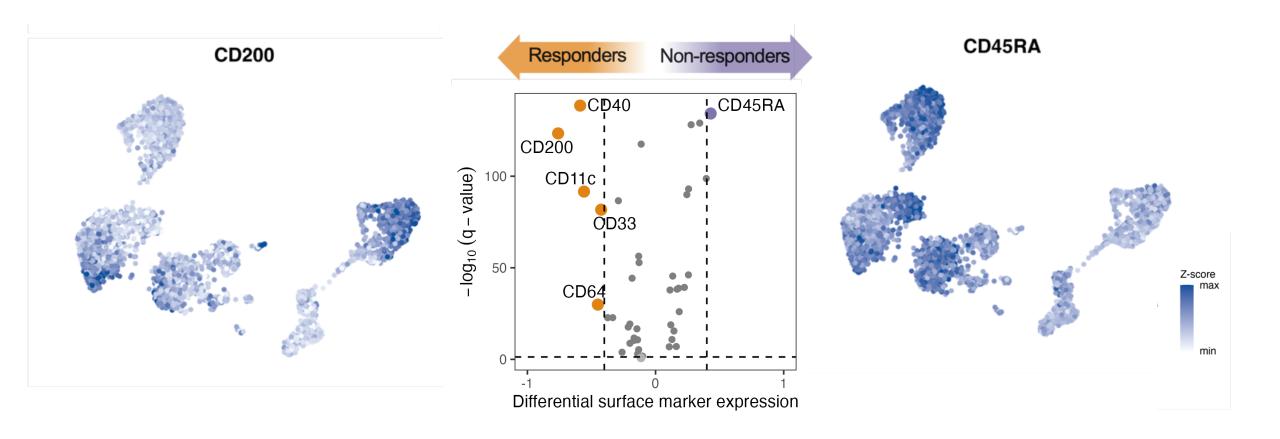






CD200 expression higher in responders CD45RA expression higher in non-responders

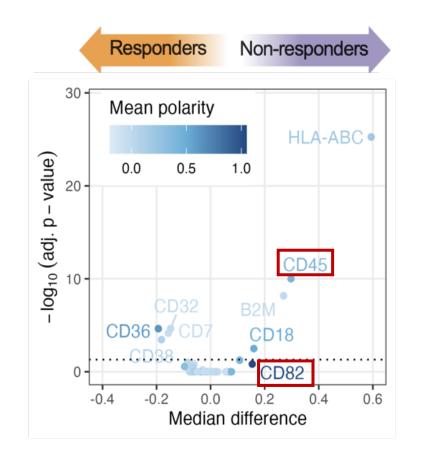


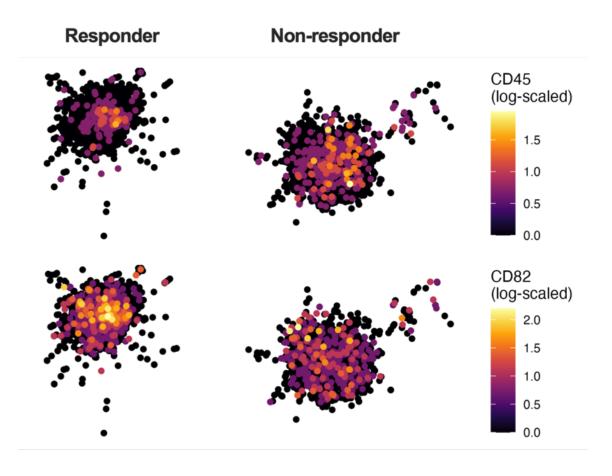




Spatial localization of CD82 suggests disruption of CD45 isoform stability



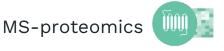




Increased polarity and reduced co-localization of CD82 and CD45



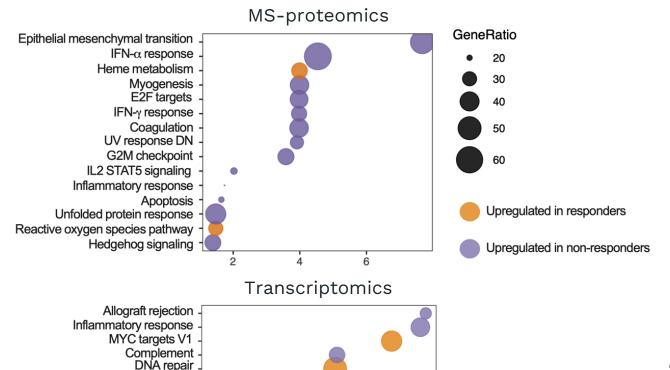
Midostaurin non-responders show higher immune activation

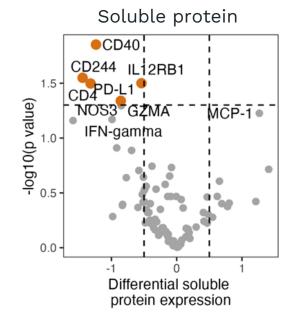












- Immune activation in non-responders
- Upregulated STAT signaling pathways
- Immune suppressive cytokines secreted by responders



-log10(p.adjust)

TNFα signaling via NFκB KRAS signaling UP

IL6 JAK STAT3 signaling

Unfolded protein response

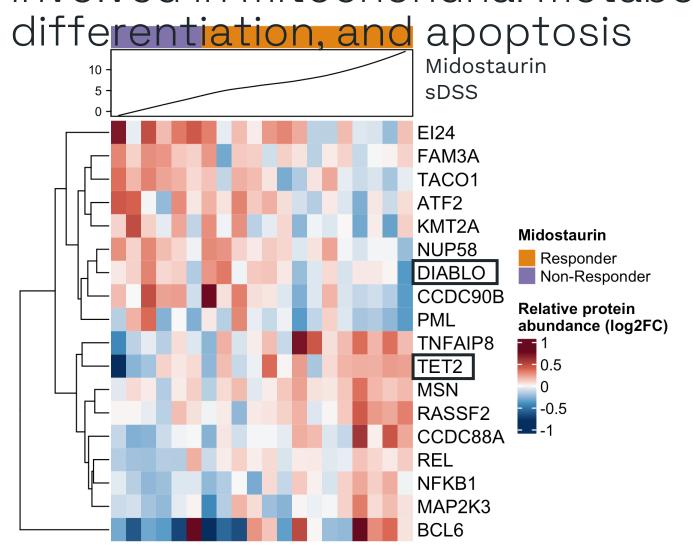
E2F targets MYC targets V2

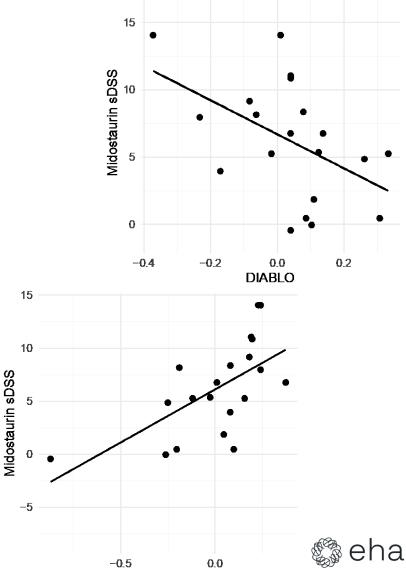
Apoptosis

IL2 STAT5 signaling -



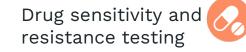
Midostaurin response is associated to proteins involved in mitochondrial metabolism,

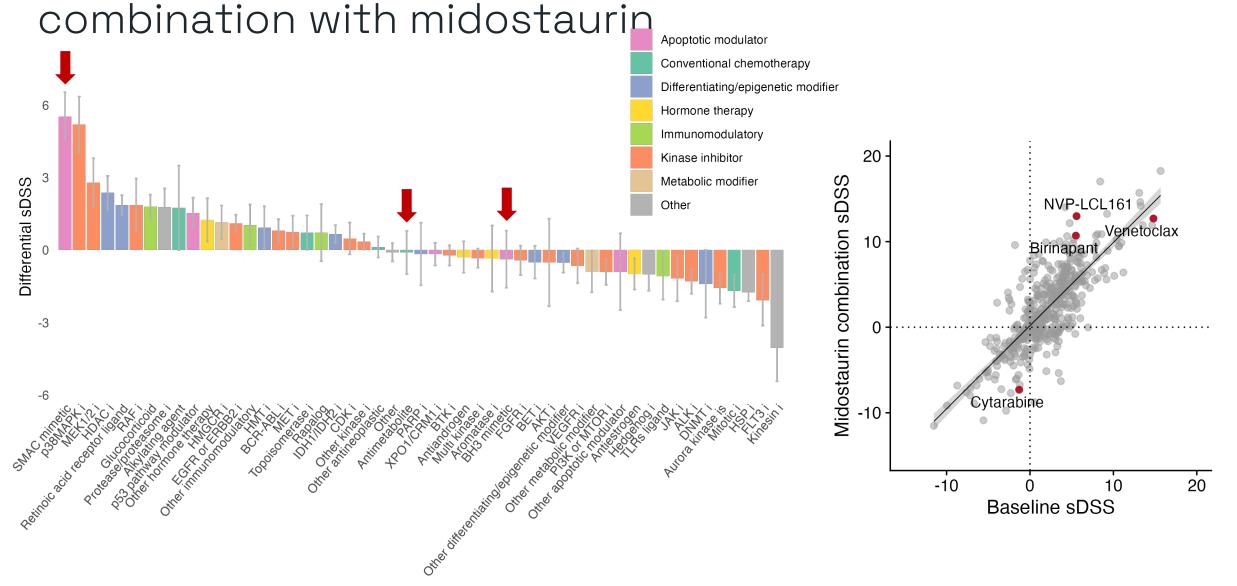




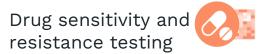
TET2

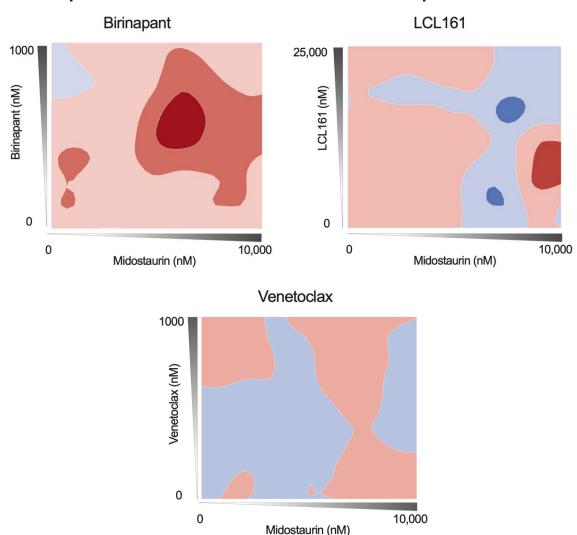
SMAC mimetics show highest sDSS increase in

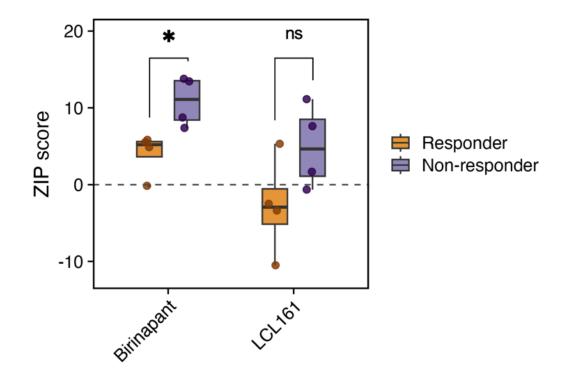




Midostaurin synergizes with SMAC-mimetic birinapant in resistant patient cells









Summary

FLT3i responders CD200

Mature myeloid cells

Immune suppression

Clinical response to midostaurin

FLT3i

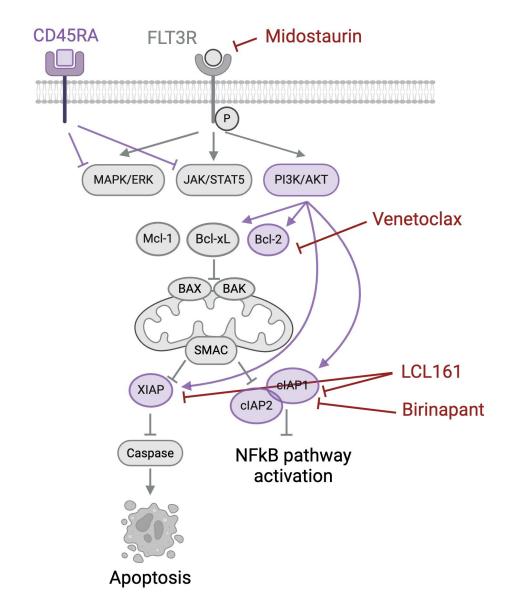
FLT3i non-responders CD45RA

Leukemic stem cells

Immune activation

Relapse/no clinical response to midostaurin

FLT3i + Smac mimetics





Acknowledgements



SciLifeLab









Precision Cancer Medicine:

- Olli Kallioniemi (PI)
- Tom Erkers
- Chiara Barizza
- Hidde Ploeger
- Lucía Rico Pizarro
- Brinton Seashore-Ludlow
- Päivi Östling

Molecular Precision Medicine:

- Jessica Nordlund (PI)
- Henrik Gezelius
- Anders Lundmark

AML group:

- Sören Lehmann (PI)
- Albin Österroos
- Anna Bohlin
- Sofia Bengtzén
- Kerstin Hamberg
 Levedahl

Cancer Proteogenomics Mass Spectrometry:

- Janne Lehtiö (PI)
- Lukas M. Orre
- Rozbeh Jafari
- Mattias Vesterlund
- Georgios Mermelekas

Affinity proteomics SciLifeLab





Stiftelsen för Strategisk Forskning